



# **CCTV Policy and Operational Procedures**

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## **1. Introduction**

The purpose of these procedures are to provide assistance in the operation, management and regulation of the CCTV systems in place at Pinfold Street Primary School.

The CCTV system is owned and operated by the school, the deployment of which is determined by the school senior leadership team and Governance Board.

These procedures follow the ICO "Code of Practice for Surveillance Cameras and Personal Data" the Data Protection Act 2018 (GDPR) guidelines and the School Data Protection Policy which is available to view on the school website.

### **1.1 Exemptions**

The use of cameras (non-surveillance) for domestic purposes is exempt from the Data Protection Act. E.g. a video of a pupils participating in school performances (Christmas/drama productions, etc.), school sports events recorded for the parent/carer's own family use.

The use of cameras or other recording devices (not CCTV) by the news media or for artistic purposes, such as for film making, are not covered by these procedures as an exemption within the DPA applies to activities relating to journalistic, artistic and literary purposes.

## **2. Lawful Processing**

Pinfold Street Primary School has the responsibility for the safeguarding of children and staff who are present onsite under the requirements of Keeping Children Safe In Education (statutory guidance). The school owes a duty of care under the provisions of the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act, 1974 and associated legislation and utilises CCTV systems and their associated monitoring and recording equipment to support these responsibilities.

The use of CCTV, and the associated images and any sound recordings made by Pinfold Street Primary School is covered by the Data Protection Act 2018.

These procedures outline the school's use of CCTV and how it complies with the Act. We have considered the privacy issues involved with using surveillance systems and have concluded that their use is necessary and proportionate to needs that we have identified. We have also considered less privacy intrusive methods of achieving this need where possible.

The use of CCTV to control the perimeter of the school buildings and entrances/exits for security purposes has been deemed to be justified by the FGB.

## **3. Objectives of the CCTV Scheme**

The system comprises of 17 fixed cameras located around the site internally and externally(see Appendix 1) for the purpose of capturing images of intruders or of individuals damaging property or removing goods without authorisation and/or instances of poor behaviour, for example. CCTV systems will not be used to monitor normal teacher/student classroom activity in school.

- protecting the school buildings and assets, both during and after school hours;
- increasing the personal safety of staff, students and visitors;
- reducing the fear of crime;
- reducing the risk of bullying;

- reducing the incidence of crime and anti-social behaviour (including theft and vandalism);
- supporting the Police in a bid to deter and detect crime;
- assisting in identifying, apprehending and prosecuting offenders;
- protecting members of the public; and
- ensuring that the school rules are respected so that the school can be properly managed.

#### **4. Roles and Responsibilities**

The Data Protection Officer will be responsible for monitoring compliance with these procedures.

The SLT team is responsible for all day-to-day leadership around data protection matters.

All authorised operators and employees with access to CCTV images will be made aware of these procedures prior to access being granted to CCTV systems. All operators have also received training in the data protection responsibilities of all employees in school. In particular, they have been made aware of:

- What the school's arrangements are for recording and retaining information
- How to handle the information securely
- How to recognise a subject access request and what to do if they receive one
- What to do if they receive a request for information from an Official Authority, for example, or the Police.

Monitoring for security purposes will be conducted in a professional, ethical and legal manner. Any use of CCTV systems for other purposes is strictly prohibited.

CCTV monitoring of public areas for security purposes will be conducted in a manner consistent with existing policies adopted by the school including the Data Protection Policy.

Our procedures for video monitoring prohibits monitoring based on the characteristic and classification contained in Equality and other related legislation, for example race, gender, sexual orientation, national origin, disability etc. The system is in place to monitor suspicious behaviour and not individual characteristics.

CCTV monitoring of public areas for security purposes is limited to uses that do not violate the reasonable expectation of privacy as defined by Law.

Cameras will be used only to monitor activities around the external areas of the school and its car parks and other public areas to identify criminal activity actually occurring, anticipated, or perceived, and for the purpose of securing the safety and wellbeing of the school, together with its visitors.

Staff have been instructed that static cameras are not to focus on private homes, gardens and other areas of private property. Unless an immediate response to events is required, staff must not direct cameras at an individual, their property or a specific group of individuals, without an authorisation being obtained for Directed Surveillance to take place, as set out in the Regulation of Investigatory Power Act 2000 (RIPA).

Materials or knowledge secured as a result of CCTV will not be used for any commercial purpose. Data will only be released to the media for use in the investigation of a specific crime and with the written authority of the police.

The planning and design has endeavoured to ensure that the surveillance scheme will give

maximum effectiveness and efficiency but it is not possible to guarantee that the system will cover or detect every single incident taking place in the areas of coverage.

Warning signs, as required by the ICO Code of Practice have been placed at all access routes to areas covered by the school CCTV.

Information obtained through the CCTV system may only be released when authorised by the Headteacher or Data Protection Officer. Any requests for CCTV recordings/images from the Police will be logged by the school and the Data Protection Officer. If a law enforcement authority is seeking a recording for a specific investigation, any such request made should be made in writing.

## **5. Operation of the System**

- The CCTV system will be administered and managed by the Head teacher in accordance with the principles and objectives expressed within these procedures.
- The day-to-day management will be the responsibility of the site manager and the SLT during the day, out of hours and at weekends.
- The system will be controlled from the Head teacher's office, which can be accessed by the Head teacher and other authorised staff.
- CCTV monitors are available in the main school office.
- The CCTV system will be operated {24 hours each day, every day of the year}.

### **5.1 CCTV Control / Monitors**

Viewing of live images on monitors in the school are usually restricted to the operator and any other authorised person where it is necessary for them to see it, e.g. to monitor access/egress points around the site.

Monitors have been positioned so that they are only visible to staff. Parent/carers and members of the public are not allowed access areas where CCTV monitors are visible.

Recorded images are also viewed in a restricted area, such as a designated secure office. The monitoring or viewing of images from areas where an individual would have an expectation of privacy are restricted to authorised personnel.

In our school, the control of the CCTV system is located in the main school office.

- The site manager will check and confirm the efficiency of the system and in particular that the equipment is properly recording and that cameras are functional.
- Visitors and other contractors wishing to access or control the system will be subject to particular arrangements as outlined below.
- CCTV Operators must satisfy themselves over the identity of any other visitors to the main school office and main school office where CCTV systems are accessed and the purpose of the visit. Where any doubt exists access will be refused.
- During the working day, when not manned, the rooms where CCTV is accessed from must be kept secured.
- Other administrative functions will include maintaining CCTV footage and hard disc space, filing and maintaining occurrence and system maintenance logs.
- Emergency procedures will be used in appropriate cases to call the Emergency Services.

## **6. Siting of Cameras**

The location of cameras is a key consideration. Use of CCTV to monitor areas where

individuals would have a reasonable expectation of privacy would be difficult to justify.

The school has endeavoured to select locations for the installation of CCTV cameras which are least intrusive to protect the privacy of individuals. Cameras placed so as to record external areas are positioned in such a way as to prevent or minimise recording of passers-by or of another person's private property.

CCTV video monitoring and recording of public areas in the school may include the following:

- **Protection of school buildings and property:** The building's perimeter, entrances and exits.
- **Monitoring of Access Control Systems:** Monitor and record restricted access areas at entrances to buildings and other areas.
- **Video Patrol of Public Areas:** Parking areas, main entrance/exit gates.
- **Criminal Investigations (carried out by the Police):** Robbery, burglary and theft surveillance.

The following points were considered when the CCTV cameras were installed:

- Camera locations were chosen carefully to minimise viewing spaces that are not of relevance to the purposes for which we are using CCTV.
- The cameras have been sited to ensure that they can produce images of the right quality, taking into account their technical capabilities and the environment in which they are placed.
- Cameras are suitable for the location, bearing in mind the light levels and the size of the area to be viewed by each camera.
- We have checked that a fixed camera positioned in winter will not be obscured by the growth of plants and trees in the spring and summer.
- Cameras are sited so that they are secure and protected from vandalism.
- The system will produce images of sufficient size, resolution and frames per second.

## **7. Covert Surveillance**

The school will not engage in covert surveillance.

Certain law enforcement agencies may request to carry out covert surveillance on school premises. Such covert surveillance may require a Court Order. Accordingly, any such request made by law enforcement agencies will be requested in writing. The covert surveillance activities of public authorities are not covered here because they are governed by the Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act (RIPA) 2000. This type of recording is covert and directed at an individual or individuals.

## **8. Notification – Signage**

The school will provide a copy of these CCTV Procedures on request to staff, students, parents/carers and visitors to the school. These procedures describe the purpose and location of CCTV monitoring, a contact number for those wishing to discuss CCTV monitoring and guidelines for its use.

The school is required to notify individuals when they are in an area where a surveillance system is in operation. The most effective way of doing this is by using prominently placed signs at the entrance to the surveillance system's zone and reinforcing this with further signs inside the area. Clear and prominent signs are particularly important where the surveillance systems are very discreet, or in locations where people might not expect to be under surveillance. As a general rule, signs should be more prominent and frequent in areas where people are less likely to expect that they will be monitored by a surveillance system.

Signs will be:

- be clearly visible and readable;
- contain details of the organisation operating the system, the purpose for using the surveillance system and who to contact about the scheme (where these things are not obvious to those being monitored);
- include basic contact details such as a simple website address, telephone number or email contact; and be an appropriate size.

Adequate signage will be placed at each location in which a CCTV camera(s) is sited to indicate that CCTV is in operation. Adequate signage will also be prominently displayed at the entrance to the school property. Signage shall include the name and contact details of the data controller as well as the specific purpose(s) for which the CCTV camera is in place in each location.



All staff will be made aware of what to do or who to contact if a member of the public makes an enquiry about the surveillance system.

## **9. Storage and Retention of Recorded Images**

### **9.1 Storage**

Recorded material will be stored in a way that maintains the integrity of the information on the systems internal hard drive for 28-30 days This is to ensure that the rights of individuals recorded by surveillance systems are protected and that the information can be used effectively for its intended purpose.

Recorded material is stored in a secure environment in the main school office with a log of access kept by the Head teacher. Access to recorded material is restricted to the Head teacher and any other staff members required under her supervision.

The room where the system resides will be kept secure and passwords to access the system will not be disclosed.

The system will be stored in a secure environment on the internal hard drive with automatic logs of access to the images created. Access will be restricted to authorised personnel as above. Supervising the access and maintenance of the CCTV System is the responsibility of the Headteacher. The Headteacher may delegate the administration of

the CCTV System to another staff member. In certain circumstances, the recordings may also be viewed by the Data Protection Officer and other individuals in order to achieve the objectives set out above e.g. the Police, the Deputy Headteacher, the relevant Year Head, other members of the teaching staff, representatives of the DfE, representatives of the HSE and/or the parent of a recorded student. When CCTV recordings are being viewed, access will be limited to authorised individuals on a need-to-know basis.

We will keep a record or audit trail showing how the information must be handled if it is likely to be used as evidence in court. Once there is no reason to retain the recorded information, it will be deleted. Exactly when we decide to do this will depend on the purpose for using the surveillance systems. A record or audit trail of this process will also be captured.

CCTV images are digitally recorded. It is important that our information can be used by appropriate law enforcement agencies if it's required. In this event, a copy will be made onto a removable drive and handed to the police.

## **9.2 Retention**

The Data Protection Act 2018 does not prescribe any specific minimum or maximum retention periods which apply to all systems or footage. Rather, retention should reflect the organisation's purposes for recording information. The retention period should be informed by the purpose for which the information is collected and how long it is needed to achieve this purpose.

The Data Protection Acts states that data "shall not be kept for longer than is necessary for" the purposes for which it was obtained. As a data controller, the School needs to be able to justify this retention period. For a normal CCTV security system, it would be difficult to justify retention beyond a calendar month (31 days), except where the images identify an issue – such as a break-in or theft and those particular images/recordings are retained specifically in the context of an investigation/ prosecution of that issue.

Accordingly, the images captured by the CCTV system will be retained for a maximum of 31 days, except where the image identifies an issue and is retained specifically in the context of an investigation/prosecution of that issue. Footage will be retained only within the hard drive system. It will be overwritten automatically as the disk space is used up. To account for the long summer holiday of 6 weeks, our system will retain footage for up to 8 weeks before being automatically deleted over the summer holiday period.

## **9.3 External drive Procedures**

- Any requests for external drive procedures we will seek advice from Carl Banks

## **9.4 Access to stores images**

Drives storing the digitally captured images and the monitoring equipment will be securely stored in a restricted area. Unauthorised access to that area will not be permitted at any time. The area will be locked when not occupied by authorised personnel. A log of access to images will be maintained.

Access to the CCTV system and stored images will be restricted to authorised personnel only i.e. the Head teacher, SLT, the Data Protection Officer and Site manager. Access to the CCTV system is only by username and password

## **10. Disclosure of Images**

There will be no disclosure of recorded data to third parties other than to authorised personnel such as the Police and service providers to the school where these would

reasonably need access to the data (e.g. investigators). In relevant circumstances, CCTV footage may be disclosed:

- To the Police where the school is required by law to make a report regarding the commission of a suspected crime; or
- Following a request by the Police when a crime or suspected crime has taken place and/or when it is suspected that illegal/anti-social behaviour is taking place on the school property, or
- To the HSE and/or any other statutory body charged with child safeguarding; or
- To assist the Headteacher in establishing facts in cases of unacceptable student behaviour, in which case, the parents/carers will be informed. The data may be used within the school's discipline and grievance procedures as required, and will be subject to the usual confidentiality requirements of those procedures; or
- To data subjects (or their legal representatives), pursuant to an access request where the time, date and location of the recordings is furnished to the school; or
- To individuals (or their legal representatives) subject to a court order; or
- To the school's insurance company where the insurance company requires same in order to pursue a claim for damage done to the insured property.

Only the Headteacher or Data Protection Officer are allowed to make external disclosures of CCTV footage.

Data will never be placed in the internet and will not be released to the media. Information may be released to the media for identification purposes but this must NOT be done by anyone other than a law enforcement agency.

Once we have disclosed information to another body, such as the police, they become the Data Controller for the copy they hold. It is their responsibility to comply with the DPA in relation to any further disclosures.

## **10.1 Requests by the Police**

Information obtained through video monitoring will only be released when authorised by the Headteacher following consultation with the Data Protection Officer. If the Police request CCTV images for a specific investigation, any such request made by the Police should be made in writing.

- Data may be viewed by the Police for the prevention and detection of crime, authorised officers of the Local Authority for supervisory purposes, authorised demonstration and training.
- A record will be maintained of the release of Data to the Police or other authorised applicants. A register will be available for this purpose.
- Viewing of Data by the Police must be recorded in writing and in the log book. Requests by the Police can only be actioned under Part 3 of the Data Protection Act 2018
- Should images be required as evidence, a copy may be released to the Police under the procedures described previously in this Code.
- The Police may require the school to retain the stored Data for possible use as evidence in the future. Such data will be properly indexed and properly and securely stored until they are needed by the Police.
- Applications received from outside bodies (e.g. solicitors) to view or release data will be referred to the Data Protection Officer. In these circumstances data will normally be released where satisfactory documentary evidence is produced showing that they are required for legal proceedings, a subject access request, or in response to a Court Order.

## **10.2 Subject Access Requests (Right To Access)**



Staff involved in operating the surveillance system have been trained to recognise a subject access request. A log of the requests received will be kept and how they were dealt with.

On written request, any person whose image has been recorded has a right to be given a copy of the information recorded which relates to them, provided always that such an image/recording exists i.e. has not been deleted and provided also that an exemption/prohibition does not apply to the release. Where the image/recording identifies another individual, those images may only be released where they can be redacted/anonymised so that the other person is not identified or identifiable. Where a subject access request is received for surveillance footage or other information, we are required to provide the data subject with a copy of all the information caught by the request that constitutes their personal data, unless an exemption applies. This must be done by supplying them with a copy of the information in a permanent form.

If the data subject refuses an offer to view the footage or the data subject insists on a copy of the footage, then we must consider ways in which we can provide the data subject with this information. We will always first attempt to provide the footage to the individual, or invite the data subject to a viewing if they consent to this.

If an individual agrees to a viewing of the footage but subsequently asks for that footage, it may be necessary, or at least good practice, to provide this footage where possible. To exercise their right of access, a data subject must make an application in writing to the Headteacher.

The school must respond to requests **within 30 calendar days** of receiving the request.

A person should provide all the necessary information to assist the school in locating the CCTV recorded data, such as the date, time and location of the recording. If the image is of such poor quality as not to clearly identify an individual, that image may not be considered to be personal data and may not be handed over by the school. The school reserves the right to refuse access to CCTV footage where this would prejudice the legal rights of other individuals or jeopardise an on-going investigation.

In giving a person a copy of their data, the school may provide a still/series of still pictures, or a disk with relevant images. However, other images of other individuals will be obscured before the data is released.

### **10.3 Freedom of Information**

The School may receive requests under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA). The school will respond to Freedom of Information requests within 20 working days from receipt of the request.

Section 40 of the FOIA contain a two-part exemption relating to information about individuals. If we receive a request for surveillance system information, we will consider:

- Is the information personal data of the requester? If so, then that information is exempt from the FOIA. Instead this request should be treated as a data protection subject access request.
- Is the information personal data of other people? If it is, then the information can only be disclosed if this would not breach the data protection principles.

In practical terms, if individuals are capable of being identified from the relevant surveillance system, then it is personal information about the individual concerned. It is generally unlikely that this information can be disclosed in response to a freedom of information request as the requester could potentially use the information for any purpose and the individual concerned is unlikely to expect this. This may be unfair processing in contravention of the DPA.

## **11. Breaches of the Procedures (including security breaches)**

- Any breach of these procedures by school staff will be initially investigated by the Data Protection Officer, in order for him/her to take the appropriate disciplinary action.
- Any serious breach of the procedures will be immediately investigated and an independent investigation carried out to make recommendations on how to remedy the breach.
- Information obtained in violation of these procedures may not be used in a disciplinary proceeding against an employee of the school, or a student.

## **12. Monitoring and Review**

Routine performance monitoring, including random operating checks, may be carried out by the Headteacher, Site Manager or Data Protection Officer.

These procedures will be regularly reviewed by the Data Protection Officer. This is to ensure the standards established during the setup of the system are maintained.

Similarly, there will be a periodic Governor review, at least annually, of the system's effectiveness to ensure that it is still doing what it was intended to do. If it does not achieve its purpose, it should be stopped or modified. The review will take into account the following:

- Is it addressing the needs and delivering the benefits that justified its use?
- Is information available to help deal with queries about the operation of the system and how individuals may make access requests?
- Does the information include our commitment to the recommendations in the ICO Code of Practice and include details of the ICO if individuals have data protection compliance concerns?
- Is a system of regular compliance reviews in place, including compliance with the provisions of the ICO Code of Practice, continued operational effectiveness and whether the system continues to meet its purposes and remains justified?
- Are the results of the review recorded, and are its conclusions acted upon?

The periodic review will also ensure all information is sufficiently protected to ensure that it does not fall into the wrong hands. This will include technical, organisational and physical security. For example:

- Sufficient safeguards are in place to protect wireless transmission systems from interception.
- The ability to make copies of information is restricted to appropriate staff.
- There are sufficient controls and safeguards in place if the system is connected to, or made available across, a computer, e.g. an intranet.
- Where information is disclosed, it is safely delivered to the intended recipient.
- Staff are trained in security procedures and there are sanctions against staff who misuse surveillance system information.
- Staff have been made aware that they could be committing a criminal offence if they misuse surveillance system information.
- The process for deleting data is effective and being adhered to.
- If there been any software updates (particularly security updates) published by the equipment's manufacturer that they have been applied to the system.

## **13. Complaints**

- Any complaints about the school's CCTV system should be addressed to the

Data Protection Office - DPO@pinfold-st.walsall.sch.uk

- Complaints will be investigated in accordance with the Pinfold Complaints Policy.

## Appendix 1

